IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS TYLER DIVISION

ERIC M. ALBRITTON,	§	
	§	
Plaintiff,	§	
	§	
v.	§	
	§	NO. 6:08-CV-00089
(1) CISCO SYSTEMS, INC., (2) RICHARD	§	
FRENKEL, (3) MALLUN YEN and	§	
(4) JOHN NOH,	§	
	§	
Defendants.	§	

NOTICE OF SUBPOENA SERVED

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that Plaintiff has caused a subpoena to be served upon Kevin Meek. A copy of said subpoena is attached hereto.

Respectfully submitted,

Wester Hasher

Nicholas H. Patton

Texas Bar No.: 15631000

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ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that all counsel of record who are deemed to have consented to electronic service are being served with a copy of this document via the Court's CM/ECF system per Local Rule CV-5(a)(3) on this 12th day of February, 2009.

Nicholas H. Patton

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Issued by the UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS

Eric M. Albritton

SUBPOENA IN A CIVIL CASE

V.

Cisco Systems, Inc., et al

Case Number: 6:08cv89

TO: Kevin Meeks, Baker Botts LLP, 2001 Ross Avenue, Dallas, Texas 75201-2980

PLACE OF TESTIMONY	COURTROOM
Unitied States District Court	3
211 W. Ferguson Street	DATE AND TIME
Tyler, Texas 75702	March 2, 2009 @ 9:00 a.m.
YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear at the place, date, and time specifing the above case.	fied below to testify at the taking of a deposit
LACE OF DEPOSITION	DATE AND TIME
place, date, and time specified below (list documents or objects):	ing of the following documents or objects at
place, date, and time specified below (list documents or objects):	DATE AND TIME
place, date, and time specified below (list documents or objects):	DATE AND TIME
YOU ARE COMMANDED to produce and permit inspection and copyr place, date, and time specified below (list documents or objects): LACE YOU ARE COMMANDED to permit inspection of the following prematures:	DATE AND TIME

(See Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), and (e), on next page)

^{*} If action is pending in district other than district of issuance, state district under case number.

(1) Avoiding Under Burden or Repense, Senctions. A party or estormey responsible for insuing and serving a subposes must take researchic steps to avoid imposing under hurden or expense on a person subject to the subposes. The insuing court quest suferes this duty and impose an appropriate amortion — which say include lost earnings and researchis stormey's

(2) Command to Produce Metarials or Permit Inspection.

(A) Appearance Net Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically secred information, or tangels things, or to permit the impaction of premium, seed not appear in person at the piece of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear

for a deposition, harring, or triel.

(B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to pormit imposition may nerve on the party or attenue, designated in the subposes a written objection to imposting, copying, testing or sampling my or all of the materials or to importing the premises—on to producing electionically stend information to the form or forme requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for samplianes or 14 days after the subposes is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:

(i) At any time, our cartherto the communical points, the seaving party may move

with the section occupaling production or inspection.

(ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must the issume con

protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting m compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subposes.

(A) When Required. On timely motion, the insting court must qualk or modify a

(i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;

(ii) requires a person who is settler a party nor a party's officer to travel more than 100 miles from where that person rations, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person - except that, subject to Rule 45(e)(3)(B)(iii), the person may be commanded to attend a wish by traveling from any such place within the state where the trial is held;

(iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected metter, if no exception

or waiver appli

(iv) subjects a person to undue burden.

(B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpocess, the isming court may, on motion, quash or modify the subposme if it requires:

(i) discloring a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or reial inflormation

ministrial injustrations.

(ii) disclosing an unretained supert's opinion or infurmation that does not terms appoints necessrances to dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party; or

(iii) a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to incur substantial to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial

(C) Specifying Conditions as an Ahemative. In the excumstances described in Rule 45(e)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoone, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:

met without undue hardebler and

(ii) ensures that the subpossessed person will be restonably compensated.

(d) During in Reproducing to a Supromia.

(1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures upply to producing documents or electronically stored information:

(A) Documents. A person responding to a milycome to produce door duce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of husiness or must organize and label them. to consupond to the estagonics in the duine

(B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpount closs not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person ding must produce it in a farm or forms in which it is ordinally maintained or in e ably usable form or forms.

(C) Electronically Stored information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding seed not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.

sible Blackrosically Stored Information. The person responding need not every of electronically staged information from nances that the person identifies as not researably escensible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasons in resting or cost. If that showing is goods, the court may no ble because of wad order discovery from mich sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 28(h)(2)(C). The court way specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

(A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpossed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must.

(I) expressly make the claim; and

(ii) describe the nature of the withhold documents, communications, or

tangible things in a minimar that, without revialing information itself privileged or protected, will enoble the perties to esecut the cloim.

(B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subposse is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-properation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it but, must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. The persons who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(e) CONTRACT.

The lessing court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without sequete excuse to obey the subpoces. A nonparty's failure to obey must be excused if the subpoces purports to require the nonparty to extend or produce at a place outside the limits of Rule 45(c)(3)(A)(ii)